



RATHER THAN

A VICTIM OF

CHANGE.

-Brian Tracy

EXAMPLES OF EARLY ADOPTERS

Physicians

- Fluoride Varnish
- Dental risk screening
- Patient/Parental Consultation
- Referral

Dentists

- Blood Pressure Monitoring
- A1C Hb blood test (adults)
- Glucose Finger Test
- Oral/Throat Cancer Screening*
- Early Childhood
 Screenings (ages 0-2)
- Referral

THEORETICAL CONCEPTS TO POLICIES AND APPLIED PROGRAMMES: THE LANDSCAPE OF INTEGRATION OF ORAL HEALTH IN PRIMARY CARE HERMINA HARNAGEA; LISE LAMOTHE; YVES COUTURIER; SHAHROKH ESFANDIARI; RENÉ VOYER; ANNE CHARBONNEAU; ELHAM EMAMI BMC ORAL HEALTH. 2018;18(23)

Results From a total of 1619 citations, 67
 publications were included in the review. Policies
 regarding oral heath integration into primary
 care were mostly oriented toward common risk
 <u>factors approach</u> and care coordination
 <u>processes.</u>

BARRIERS PERSISTS

- Weak referral systems
- Lack of motivation by both dental and medical staff
- Too busy excuse
- Evolved and set siloes in American health care
- Antique funding system not sufficient to support integration fully
- Low focus on oral disease prevention in medicine and dentistry
- Underutilization of expanding health workforce and EHR systems inadequate or underutilized for proper tracking

DISPROPORTIONED PROVIDERS IN HEALTH CENTERS

Health Center Facts – 2018 UDS

- Number Health Center programs receiving 330-grant funding: 1,362
- Number HC programs with dental programs: 1,088 or 80%
- Total users: 28,379,680
- Number medical users: 23,827,122
- Number dental users: 6,406,667
- Dental Users: 22.6% all FQHC patients
- Dental Users: 26.9% of all medical patients



MEDICINE/DENTISTRY - SEPARATION AT BIRTH

- Small business model of dentistry (low participation in cooperate models, less likely to merge, low volume)
- Medical model transformation (large heath systems, regulatory, merging group and cooperate practice models)

 Separated at birth – the disconnect (William J. Gies Report 1926; Abraham Flexner Report 1910)

INCREASING POLITICAL DISCORD

- States on their own facing desperation to cover high-risk populations with less money
- Failing rural hospitals and growing gaps in rural health care
- High potential for health system failure for the poor and underserved (the demise of Medicaid?)
- Failure to see the mouth as a portal into the body; including disease causing organisms.



PROBLEM WITH THE CURRENT DIVIDED HEALTH SYSTEM

- The navigation of the two systems is particularly challenging for patients with low health literacy.
- As care becomes increasingly complex and dependent on collaboration and shared patient management of chronic disease, communication is of critical importance.

CASE EXAMPLES THAT OCCUR DUE TO A DIVIDED HEALTH SYSTEM

- A pediatrician decides not to refer a young child with untreated dental caries because the pediatrician believes dentists are not available in the community and/or the family has no means of transportation to a neighboring community.
- A pregnant woman with an infected tooth and no dental home is told to see a dentist, but receives no support or help in finding one, resulting in a visit to the emergency department and delayed definitive treatment.

